

Relation between code no. 363 human power machine as causal agents and type of Fatal and non-fatal accidents in 1999-2020

code	Type of accident	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	total
01	fall from height		9	7		7		3	2	3	5		1	1	3	2		2	1	2	1	2	2	53
02	falling to same level		18	10		5		10	6	12	7	6	7	13	7	6	7	3	8	4	7	5	13	154
03	crash		6	10		3		7	8	12	3	3	8	4	6	6	7	7	4		2	5	3	104
04	struck by flying or falling object		17	27		16		15	17	13	22	7	9	14	12	11	13	11	14	13	7	12	9	259
05	collapse		2	1		1		2	1	3	4	2	1	2	4	1	6	4	1	3	4	2	1	45
06	crashed by		14	24		14		10	18	15	6	11	18	10	15	22	9	9	11	10	11	10	12	249
07	caught in/between		66	73		48		38	43	31	29	33	34	24	27	34	41	39	22	35	33	25	29	704
08	cut		33	27		18		30	23	25	25	16	22	16	17	19	23	16	14	20	15	26	17	402
09	injury to the sole of the foot							1			2													3
10	drown																							
11	contact to high/low-temperature			1				1	1	1	1		1					1	1		1			9
12	contact to harmful substance														1									1
13	electric shock																							
14	explosion																							
15	burst					1								1										2
16	fire																							
17	traffic accident (public road)			1								1	1			1			1					5
18	traffic accident (others)																1							1
19	reaction to motion/improper motion		14	8		9		9	11	8	10	6	4	11	9	9	4	8	8	13	4	7	8	160
90	others		1			2				1						1								5
99	unclassifiable																							
00	total		180	189		124		126	130	124	114	85	106	96	100	113	110	101	85	100	85	94	94	2,156

Data of 2011 year include Industrial accidents caused by Great East Japan Earthquake in 2011.

Data sources: <https://anzeninfo.mhlw.go.jp/user/anzen/tok/anst00.htm> (MHLW, Japan)

Return to <https://www.jisha.or.jp/english/statistics/2020enfctcs.html>