

Relation between code no. 511 explosive substance as causal agents and type of fatal and non-fatal accidents in 1999-2021

code	Type of accident	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	total
01	fall from height			1					2				1		1										5
02	falling to same level											1			2	2									5
03	crash					1			1						1				1				2		6
04	struck by flying or falling object		1	4		4		5	4	2	1	1	1		2	6	2	1	1	1			2	1	39
05	collapse								1						1							1			3
06	crashed by		1							1				1	1										4
07	caught in/between		1						2	1			1	1	1	1								1	9
08	cut							1	1							1					1		1		5
09	injury to the sole of the foot																								
10	drown																								
11	contact to high/low-temperature		10	11		5		6	3	3	3	7	3	2	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	1		74
12	contact to harmful substance		4	7		8		3	3	4	1	1	3	2	2	2	4	1	3	5	3	1	1	1	59
13	electric shock																								
14	explosion		29	22		25		22	7	12	11	8	11	6	3	10	6	8	9	5	5	7	2	8	216
15	burst		2			2				1	3					1			1						10
16	fire		1			2		3	3	2	2	1		1	1	1	2	3				1		4	27
17	traffic accident (public road)																								
18	traffic accident (others)																								
19	reaction to motion/improper motion		3	2		1		3	2	1	1		1	2	1	3		2			3	1	4	1	31
90	others							1																	1
99	unclassifiable																								
00	total		52	47		48		44	29	27	22	19	21	15	17	31	18	17	16	14	14	14	11	18	494

Data of 2011 year include Industrial accidents caused by Great East Japan Earthquake in 2011.

Data sources: <https://anzeninfo.mhlw.go.jp/user/anzen/tok/anst00.htm> (MHLW, Japan)

Small causal agents' data of 1999, 2002 and 2004 are lack of data. Therefore, total of small causal agents are not same as middle causal agents.

Return to <https://www.jisha.or.jp/english/statistics/2021enfctcs.html>