

アメリカ合衆国労働省労働統計局が 2016 年 11 月 10 日に発表した 2015 年における休業災害の公表資料中の表 1-9 まで

(訳者注:この発表に収載された関連する表にアクセスできるウェブサイトは、次のとおりである。)

- [Table 1. Number, median days away from work, and incidence rate for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by ownership, industry, musculoskeletal disorders, and event or exposure, 2015](#)

<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t01.htm>

- [Table 2. Number, median days away from work, and incidence rate for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by ownership, industry, and nature of injury, 2015](#)

<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t02.htm>

- [Table 3. Number, incidence rate, and median days away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by selected worker occupation and ownership, 2015](#)

<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t03.htm>

- [Table 4. Number, incidence rate, and](#)

(訳者注:左欄のとおり。なお、左欄に掲げられて輪部サイトの日本語仮訳をこの欄に掲げておく。また、これらの表については、別に資料として添付してある。)

- 表 1. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業上の傷害及び疾病についての、経営主体者別、産業別、筋骨格系の傷害別並びに出来事及びばく露別の件数、休業日数の中央値及び発生率、2015

- 表 2. 数、作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業上の傷害及び疾病についての、経営主体者別、産業別及び傷害の性質別の件数、休業日数の中央値及び発生率、2015

- 表 3. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業上の傷害及び疾病についての、選択された労働者の職業別及び経営主体者別の、件数、発生率及び休業日数の中央値、2015

- 表 4. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業性傷害及び疾病についての、傷害又は疾病の

<p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t04.htm">median days away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by injury or illness characteristics and ownership, 2015</a></p> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t04.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t04.htm</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <a href="#">Table 5. Number, incidence rate, and median days away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work by gender, age groups, length of service, race or ethnic origin, by ownership, 2015</a></li> </ul> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t05.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t05.htm</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <a href="#">Table 6. Incidence rates for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work per 10,000 full-time workers by injury or illness characteristics, gender, and age groups, all ownerships, 2015</a></li> </ul> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t06.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t06.htm</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <a href="#">Table 7. Incidence rates for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and nature of injury or illness, all ownerships, 2015</a></li> </ul> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t07.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t07.htm</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <a href="#">Table 8. Incidence rates for nonfatal</a></li> </ul>	<p>性質別、経営主体別の、件数、発生率及び休業日数の中央値、2015</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 表 5. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業性傷害及び疾病についての、性別、年齢階層別、従事年数別、起源となる人種又は民族別、経営主体別の、件数、発生率及び作業からの休業日数の中央値、2015</li> <li>● 表 6. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業性傷害及び疾病についての、傷害又は疾病の性質別の、フルタイム労働者 10,000 人当たりの発生率、2015</li> <li>● 表 7. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業性傷害及び疾病についての、選択された労働者の職業別、傷害又は疾病の性質別、すべての経営主体別の、フルタイム労働者 10,000 人当たりの発生率、2015</li> <li>● 表 8. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業</li> </ul>
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<p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t08.htm">occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and events or exposures, all ownerships, 2015</a></p> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t08.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t08.htm</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <a href="#">Table 9. Number, incidence rate, and median days away from work for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work and musculoskeletal disorders by selected worker occupation and ownership, 2015</a></li> </ul> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t09.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.t09.htm</a></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <a href="#">HTML version of the entire news release</a></li> </ul> <p><a href="http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.htm">http://www.bls.gov/news.release/osh2.htm</a></p>	<p>性傷害及び疾病についての、選択された労働者の職業別、出来事又はばく露別、すべての経営主体別の、フルタイム労働者 10,000 人当たりの発生率、2015</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● 表 9. 作業からの休業を含む非致命的な職業性傷害及び疾病及び筋骨格系傷害についての、選択された労働者の職業別、経営主体者別の、件数、発生率及び作業からの休業日数の中央値、2015</li> <li>● 今回の発表の全体の HTML 版の (公表資料)</li> </ul>
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TABLE 1. Number, median days away from work<sup>1</sup>, and incidence rate<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by ownership, industry, musculoskeletal disorders<sup>4</sup>, and event or exposure, 2015

Industry	Number	Median days away from work	Musculo-skeletal disorders (incidence rate)	Incidence rate	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness <sup>5</sup>							
					Contact with objects	Falls, Slips, Trips	Over-exertion in lifting lowering	Repetitive motion	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Transportation incidents	Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal
<b>Total private, state and local government</b> .....	1,153,490	8	32.2	104.0	24.3	27.9	10.2	2.2	4.7	5.7	0.2	6.8
<b>Total private industry</b> <sup>6,7,8</sup> .....	902,160	8	29.8	93.9	24.2	24.8	9.8	2.2	4.2	4.8	.1	4.0
Total goods producing .....	226,320	10	33.1	112.1	39.2	26.8	9.9	4.0	5.2	3.6	.3	1.5
Natural resources and mining <sup>9,7</sup> .....	23,830	8	26.9	126.8	38.4	35.8	8.4	2.1	7.0	6.4	.8	8.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting <sup>6</sup> .....	18,660	6	39.6	189.0	53.5	54.4	11.2	3.8	10.9	10.1	.9	15.0
Mining <sup>7</sup> .....	5,160	29	12.9	57.9	21.7	15.2	5.3	—	2.5	2.3	.7	.5
Construction .....	79,890	13	34.6	134.8	44.8	40.3	10.6	1.2	4.7	5.7	.2	1.3
Manufacturing .....	122,610	9	33.4	99.0	36.7	19.0	9.7	5.7	5.2	2.1	.2	.5
Total service providing .....	675,840	8	28.9	89.1	20.1	24.3	9.8	1.7	3.9	5.2	.1	4.7
Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>9</sup> .....	279,150	11	44.5	124.5	33.1	30.8	17.3	2.0	3.1	9.0	.2	1.6
Wholesale trade .....	60,340	9	38.4	106.5	31.8	24.1	14.7	1.9	2.6	6.8	.2	.8
Retail trade .....	123,770	7	36.2	105.3	32.0	26.6	16.1	1.9	3.2	3.7	.1	1.7
Transportation and warehousing .....	90,990	20	76.4	204.3	40.1	51.4	25.2	2.3	3.6	26.5	.1	2.6
Utilities .....	4,060	19	27.7	73.4	12.3	22.0	5.1	3.0	2.1	5.3	1.4	1.1
Information .....	14,050	18	21.3	56.3	9.1	15.7	3.0	2.0	1.8	4.9	—	1.2
Financial activities .....	30,110	7	11.7	41.3	7.5	15.3	4.8	2.3	1.5	3.0	—	1.1
Real estate and rental and leasing .....	20,630	7	34.5	111.0	26.8	31.5	17.0	2.1	4.4	8.3	—	3.0
Professional and business services .....	67,320	7	11.3	44.5	9.4	14.6	3.6	1.0	1.7	3.6	—	2.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services .....	18,030	5	5.6	22.8	3.4	7.1	1.6	.5	1.1	1.4	—	3.2
Management of companies and enterprises .....	5,700	8	7.0	26.6	5.1	11.2	2.5	.7	1.1	1.3	—	.2
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services .....	43,590	9	21.9	85.7	20.6	27.5	7.1	2.0	3.0	7.8	.1	3.1
Education and health services .....	168,940	6	39.3	106.8	13.4	29.2	10.9	1.7	4.8	4.2	.1	13.7
Educational services .....	10,530	5	12.8	56.3	10.5	18.8	3.4	.9	1.3	1.4	—	10.8
Health care and social assistance .....	158,410	6	42.9	113.6	13.8	30.6	11.9	1.8	5.2	4.6	.1	14.0
Leisure and hospitality .....	92,670	6	20.3	96.2	29.7	27.6	6.9	1.8	10.5	2.0	.1	3.7
Arts, entertainment, and recreation .....	14,110	6	28.8	105.8	24.6	30.9	8.5	2.5	6.4	2.8	.1	8.4
Accommodation and food services .....	78,560	6	19.0	94.7	30.5	27.1	6.7	1.6	11.1	1.8	.1	2.9
Other services .....	23,600	6	22.0	75.9	21.9	17.9	6.5	1.7	3.4	4.9	.3	4.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 1. Number, median days away from work<sup>1</sup>, and incidence rate<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by ownership, industry, musculoskeletal disorders<sup>4</sup>, and event or exposure, 2015 — Continued**

Industry	Number	Median days away from work	Musculo-skeletal disorders (incidence rate)	Incidence rate	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness <sup>5</sup>							
					Contact with objects	Falls, Slips, Trips	Over-exertion in lifting/lowering	Repetitive motion	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Transportation incidents	Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal
<b>Total state government<sup>6,7,8</sup></b> .....	59,590	11	41.0	149.2	17.8	38.3	8.4	2.3	6.5	10.8	0.1	31.2
Total service providing .....	57,960	11	40.5	147.8	17.3	37.9	8.2	2.3	6.4	10.4	.1	31.7
Education and health services .....	25,980	10	36.8	127.2	14.4	30.5	9.1	1.8	3.4	4.3	—	35.6
Educational services .....	7,520	10	17.3	50.5	7.1	18.6	5.4	1.2	2.5	1.6	—	1.4
Health care and social assistance .....	18,460	10	89.4	334.4	34.0	62.5	19.2	3.5	5.9	11.7	—	127.7
Public administration .....	27,500	12	40.7	157.5	17.1	45.5	6.5	2.6	9.6	10.3	.2	29.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	18,620	13	67.2	261.6	26.2	67.3	10.5	2.5	11.4	13.6	—	66.6
<b>Total local government<sup>6,7,8</sup></b> .....	191,750	9	50.2	177.5	28.4	51.1	14.4	2.1	8.2	11.6	.5	23.0
Total goods producing .....	3,250	20	112.7	320.9	69.1	102.8	35.9	5.8	5.6	24.9	—	—
Construction .....	3,250	20	113.2	322.0	69.2	103.0	36.0	5.8	5.6	25.0	—	—
Total service providing .....	188,490	9	49.6	176.1	28.0	50.6	14.1	2.1	8.2	11.5	.5	23.2
Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>8</sup> .....	14,920	17	123.5	315.2	49.6	55.1	26.3	8.9	13.9	44.3	—	24.6
Transportation and warehousing .....	9,790	19	148.0	391.0	60.1	48.9	15.0	9.1	12.9	80.2	—	35.1
Utilities .....	5,130	10	96.8	232.1	38.0	62.8	39.3	8.8	15.1	4.1	—	12.8
Education and health services .....	80,810	8	34.2	124.7	21.2	43.1	10.7	1.1	4.6	3.4	—	15.4
Educational services .....	69,800	8	31.0	121.7	21.7	43.8	10.1	.9	4.2	3.5	—	14.8
Health care and social assistance .....	11,010	7	58.8	148.5	16.7	37.3	15.9	2.7	7.4	2.7	—	20.1
Public administration .....	84,380	9	66.8	248.2	34.7	63.6	17.5	2.8	13.7	20.3	1.4	39.4
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	38,200	10	103.6	414.0	56.2	93.6	20.8	2.4	26.1	31.6	2.1	85.2

<sup>1</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved fewer days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>2</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

<sup>4</sup> Musculoskeletal disorders include cases in which the nature of the injury or illness is pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration.

<sup>5</sup> Data shown in columns correspond to Event codes based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>7</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>8</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.

**TABLE 2. Number, median days away from work<sup>1</sup>, and incidence rate<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by ownership, industry, and nature of injury, 2015**

Industry	Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Nature of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>				
				Sprains, strains, tears	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations	Amputations	Bruises, contusions
<b>Total private, state and local government ..</b>	1,153,490	8	104.0	38.0	8.9	8.1	0.5	9.1
<b>Total private industry<sup>6,7,8</sup> .....</b>	902,160	8	93.9	33.8	8.4	8.2	.6	7.9
Total goods producing .....	226,320	10	112.1	33.4	13.2	12.6	1.6	7.7
Natural resources and mining <sup>6,7</sup> .....	23,830	8	126.8	36.5	15.1	9.1	1.4	13.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting <sup>6</sup> .....	18,660	6	189.0	51.9	17.3	15.4	1.4	20.9
Mining <sup>7</sup> .....	5,160	29	57.9	19.4	12.7	2.1	1.4	4.7
Construction .....	79,890	13	134.8	38.8	19.8	17.2	.7	6.7
Manufacturing .....	122,610	9	99.0	30.3	9.8	10.9	2.1	7.4
Total service providing .....	675,840	8	89.1	33.9	7.2	7.0	.3	8.0
Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>9</sup> .....	279,150	11	124.5	51.8	10.3	9.8	.5	12.5
Wholesale trade .....	60,340	9	106.5	41.4	9.8	9.1	.6	9.1
Retail trade .....	123,770	7	105.3	41.0	7.7	11.5	.4	11.4
Transportation and warehousing .....	90,990	20	204.3	96.1	17.8	7.2	.6	20.7
Utilities .....	4,060	19	73.4	31.6	8.1	4.0	-	4.7
Information .....	14,050	18	56.3	22.5	5.4	2.2	-	3.4
Financial activities .....	30,110	7	41.3	12.8	4.4	4.1	-	2.2
Real estate and rental and leasing ...	20,630	7	111.0	35.7	12.0	15.1	-	4.3
Professional and business services .....	67,320	7	44.5	14.5	4.4	3.3	.2	3.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services .....	18,030	5	22.8	6.2	2.2	1.1	-	1.6
Management of companies and enterprises .....	5,700	8	26.6	8.7	4.0	2.4	-	2.1
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services .....	43,590	9	85.7	29.9	7.8	7.0	.4	6.2
Education and health services .....	168,940	6	106.8	46.5	7.2	3.0	.1	10.7
Educational services .....	10,530	5	56.3	18.6	5.9	3.0	.1	6.2
Health care and social assistance ....	158,410	6	113.6	50.3	7.4	3.0	.1	11.2
Leisure and hospitality .....	92,670	6	96.2	24.2	6.9	16.9	.4	7.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation ...	14,110	6	105.8	35.7	8.8	8.8	.6	7.3
Accommodation and food services ...	78,560	6	94.7	22.3	6.6	18.2	.4	7.2
Other services .....	23,600	6	75.9	23.3	7.3	5.9	1.2	5.0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. Number, median days away from work<sup>1</sup>, and incidence rate<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by ownership, industry, and nature of injury, 2015 — Continued

Industry	Nature of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>						
	Heat (thermal) burns	Chemical burns	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis (other or unspecified)	Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	Soreness, pain, including back	All other natures <sup>5</sup>
<b>Total private, state and local government ..</b>	1.6	0.3	0.5	0.2	2.8	16.6	15.8
<b>Total private industry<sup>6,7,8</sup> .....</b>	1.6	.3	.5	.3	2.4	14.2	14.2
Total goods producing .....	1.4	.8	1.1	.3	2.7	14.9	19.8
Natural resources and mining <sup>6,7</sup> .....	1.7	1.2	.6	.2	3.6	18.8	23.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting <sup>6</sup> .....	2.4	1.2	1.1	.4	5.9	32.9	35.6
Mining <sup>7</sup> .....	1.0	1.2	—	—	1.0	3.2	11.0
Construction .....	.5	.7	.2	.1	2.8	20.1	22.7
Manufacturing .....	1.7	.8	1.6	.4	2.6	11.9	17.8
Total service providing .....	1.6	.2	.4	.2	2.3	14.0	12.8
Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>8</sup> .....	.9	.3	.3	.2	2.9	16.6	16.9
Wholesale trade .....	.5	.6	.4	.1	3.0	15.0	15.4
Retail trade .....	1.4	.3	.3	.2	1.6	14.0	14.4
Transportation and warehousing .....	.4	.2	.3	.5	6.1	26.6	26.4
Utilities .....	.5	—	.3	—	3.6	10.2	9.5
Information .....	.2	—	.3	.2	1.8	9.3	10.4
Financial activities .....	.2	.1	.8	.3	1.7	7.6	6.5
Real estate and rental and leasing ..	.5	.6	.2	.5	2.8	20.5	17.7
Professional and business services .....	.5	.1	.2	.3	1.0	7.7	7.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services .....	.1	—	.2	.1	.3	4.0	5.2
Management of companies and enterprises .....	.5	—	.2	—	.7	3.6	4.3
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services .....	1.0	.3	.4	.9	2.2	15.3	13.2
Education and health services .....	.8	.2	.3	.3	2.9	19.6	14.2
Educational services .....	.6	—	.3	—	2.3	9.9	8.7
Health care and social assistance .....	.8	.2	.3	.3	3.0	20.9	15.0
Leisure and hospitality .....	7.9	.2	.3	.2	2.7	14.9	13.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation ..	2.2	.3	.2	.2	3.8	17.3	19.5
Accommodation and food services .....	8.8	.2	.3	.1	2.5	14.5	12.9
Other services .....	1.2	.1	.6	—	1.6	12.6	12.9

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 2. Number, median days away from work<sup>1</sup>, and incidence rate<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by ownership, industry, and nature of injury, 2015 — Continued

Industry	Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Nature of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>				
				Sprains, strains, tears	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations	Amputations	Bruises, contusions
<b>Total state government</b> <sup>6,7,8</sup> .....	59,590	11	149.2	56.4	8.2	4.5	0.1	13.3
Total service providing .....	57,960	11	147.8	56.0	8.1	4.3	.1	13.1
Education and health services .....	25,980	10	127.2	47.8	5.3	4.1	—	13.6
Educational services .....	7,520	10	50.5	18.7	4.0	3.3	—	3.9
Health care and social assistance .....	18,460	10	334.4	126.1	8.9	6.1	—	39.8
Public administration .....	27,500	12	157.5	56.3	11.4	3.8	—	10.3
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	18,620	13	261.6	97.3	13.0	5.8	—	17.3
<b>Total local government</b> <sup>6,7,8</sup> .....	191,750	9	177.5	68.9	13.0	8.1	.3	17.5
Total goods producing .....	3,250	20	320.9	129.9	48.7	20.0	—	24.7
Construction .....	3,250	20	322.0	130.5	48.8	20.1	—	24.7
Total service providing .....	188,490	9	176.1	68.3	12.7	8.0	.3	17.4
Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>8</sup> .....	14,920	17	315.2	146.1	11.1	14.4	.7	19.0
Transportation and warehousing .....	9,790	19	391.0	184.3	10.3	8.0	—	30.3
Utilities .....	5,130	10	232.1	104.2	12.1	21.6	—	6.4
Education and health services .....	80,810	8	124.7	47.3	12.3	3.8	—	15.7
Educational services .....	69,800	8	121.7	45.0	12.9	3.9	—	15.4
Health care and social assistance .....	11,010	7	148.5	65.2	6.9	3.5	—	17.9
Public administration .....	84,380	9	248.2	96.1	14.2	12.9	.7	20.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	38,200	10	414.0	166.0	24.0	16.9	2.0	41.0

See footnotes at end of table.



**TABLE 2. Number, median days away from work<sup>1</sup>, and incidence rate<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by ownership, industry, and nature of injury, 2015 — Continued**

Industry	Nature of injury or illness <sup>4</sup>						
	Heat (thermal) burns	Chemical burns	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis (other or unspecified)	Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	Soreness, pain, including back	All other natures <sup>5</sup>
<b>Total state government<sup>6,7,8</sup></b> .....	1.3	0.2	0.6	0.1	5.8	35.0	22.1
Total service providing .....	1.3	.2	.7	.1	5.8	34.8	21.9
Education and health services .....	.8	.3	.4	.1	4.7	33.7	15.4
Educational services .....	.5	.3	.2	.1	1.5	10.0	7.6
Health care and social assistance ....	1.8	.4	1.2	—	13.4	97.8	36.6
Public administration .....	1.8	—	.9	.1	5.9	36.1	28.9
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	1.3	—	1.3	—	11.2	63.2	48.2
<b>Total local government<sup>6,7,8</sup></b> .....	1.8	.2	.4	.1	6.0	31.6	27.6
Total goods producing .....	—	—	3.8	—	9.5	35.8	41.8
Construction .....	—	—	3.9	—	9.5	36.0	41.9
Total service providing .....	1.8	.2	.4	.1	5.9	31.6	27.5
Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>9</sup> .....	—	1.0	.9	—	17.4	45.5	56.5
Transportation and warehousing .....	—	—	1.1	—	26.9	62.5	62.3
Utilities .....	—	2.1	—	—	6.9	26.7	50.4
Education and health services .....	.8	.1	.2	.2	3.8	22.9	16.9
Educational services .....	.5	—	.1	.1	3.8	22.2	16.9
Health care and social assistance ....	2.9	.7	.4	.3	4.2	28.5	16.8
Public administration .....	3.2	.1	.8	—	8.6	43.6	43.2
Justice, public order, and safety activities .....	4.9	—	.6	—	14.0	59.9	76.2

<sup>1</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved fewer days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>2</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

<sup>4</sup> Data shown in columns correspond to Nature codes based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>5</sup> Includes nonclassifiable responses.

<sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>7</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>8</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.

**TABLE 3. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days away from work<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by selected worker occupation<sup>4</sup> and ownership, 2015**

Occupation <sup>4</sup>	Total private, state, and local government <sup>5,6,7</sup>			Private industry <sup>5,6,7</sup>		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total .....	1,153,490	104.0	8	902,160	93.9	8
Police and Sheriffs Patrol Officers .....	29,670	497.7	8	200	401.1	16
Correctional Officers and Jailers .....	16,080	420.2	11	610	345.4	7
Firefighters .....	13,280	397.5	11	200	143.0	14
Nursing Assistants .....	37,370	348.5	6	32,320	327.8	5
Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers .....	7,880	319.5	9	7,420	318.7	8
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers .....	24,780	314.0	14	23,330	298.0	15
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics .....	6,670	313.5	9	4,160	291.0	8
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers .....	49,260	307.5	22	47,350	298.7	21
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand .....	59,010	297.8	9	56,550	289.4	9
Food Preparation Workers .....	15,860	290.8	6	14,310	277.0	6
Sheet Metal Workers .....	3,360	289.9	7	3,340	289.5	7
Nonfarm Animal Caretakers .....	3,320	278.0	3	3,080	264.6	3
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners .....	42,740	277.4	10	20,200	172.0	9
Construction Laborers .....	19,960	265.3	11	18,530	256.0	11
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General .....	30,020	262.4	9	22,820	240.2	8
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners .....	17,440	255.6	7	16,390	248.6	7
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists .....	5,870	246.0	18	4,080	199.6	18
Painters, Construction and Maintenance .....	4,140	235.9	9	3,490	208.8	10
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs .....	3,100	213.6	11	2,990	213.6	11
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics .....	11,920	207.2	8	11,450	206.3	7
Food Servers, Nonrestaurant .....	3,360	201.0	5	2,700	165.3	5
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers .....	14,180	194.1	7	10,100	157.2	7
Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters .....	6,860	193.7	22	6,410	190.0	23
Teacher Assistants .....	15,590	185.9	5	2,840	156.5	5
Bus Drivers, School or Special Client .....	6,680	185.8	13	3,130	176.4	12
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria .....	5,450	184.9	8	2,970	161.6	5
Chefs and Head Cooks .....	2,180	182.7	5	2,120	181.9	5
Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop .....	4,400	182.6	13	3,130	137.2	19
Carpenters .....	9,990	179.6	12	9,710	178.2	12
Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers .....	2,770	175.5	11	2,600	169.4	10
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers .....	3,510	175.3	20	3,490	177.5	20
Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers .....	5,950	163.9	7	5,800	160.4	7
Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel Clerks .....	1,810	158.0	13	1,780	156.6	13
First-Line Supervisors of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers .....	2,350	156.8	7	1,560	130.2	4
First-Line Supervisors of Helpers, Laborers, and Material Movers, Hand .....	2,650	155.7	10	2,340	140.2	8
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers .....	21,420	154.4	8	21,160	154.7	8
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers .....	3,450	151.4	5	2,800	130.2	5
Personal Care Aides .....	14,640	149.4	8	12,800	132.0	8
Dishwashers .....	4,600	145.6	6	4,510	144.3	6
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians .....	1,830	144.5	8	1,640	143.8	8

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 3. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days away from work<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by selected worker occupation<sup>4</sup> and ownership, 2015 — Continued**

Occupation <sup>4</sup>	State government <sup>6,7</sup>			Local government <sup>6,7</sup>		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total .....	59,590	149.2	11	191,750	177.5	9
Police and Sheriffs Patrol Officers .....	2,790	393.9	13	26,680	530.2	7
Correctional Officers and Jailers .....	10,790	457.5	14	4,680	333.0	5
Firefighters .....	690	624.4	4	12,390	422.2	12
Nursing Assistants .....	2,220	737.9	8	2,830	494.5	6
Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers .....	180	368.5	9	280	303.8	16
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers .....	60	—	14	1,390	1,975.9	8
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics .....	—	—	—	2,500	387.5	10
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers .....	110	—	16	1,790	896.5	30
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand .....	240	296.0	9	2,210	957.6	8
Food Preparation Workers .....	310	853.1	10	1,240	490.5	6
Sheet Metal Workers .....	20	—	43	—	—	—
Nonfarm Animal Caretakers .....	60	—	24	170	—	3
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners .....	2,400	405.7	15	20,140	657.4	10
Construction Laborers .....	130	—	25	1,310	485.8	7
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General .....	1,400	320.3	10	5,810	390.4	10
Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners .....	340	687.5	6	710	365.9	6
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists .....	350	863.1	22	1,430	486.3	15
Painters, Construction and Maintenance .....	120	—	6	540	834.2	9
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs .....	20	—	14	90	215.6	14
Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics .....	180	310.6	10	290	193.1	10
Food Servers, Nonrestaurant .....	370	—	13	290	547.7	3
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers .....	710	557.1	7	3,370	451.0	7
Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters .....	120	295.5	13	330	246.4	9
Teacher Assistants .....	120	53.7	9	12,630	207.7	5
Bus Drivers, School or Special Client .....	—	—	—	3,530	206.7	13
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria .....	500	576.5	20	1,980	210.2	12
Chefs and Head Cooks .....	50	—	180	—	—	—
Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop .....	60	—	12	1,200	1,505.8	7
Carpenters .....	140	378.4	10	140	155.2	21
Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers .....	100	—	85	80	275.5	15
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers .....	—	—	—	—	—	—
Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers .....	30	—	5	120	—	6
Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel Clerks .....	—	—	—	20	—	1
First-Line Supervisors of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers ...	130	216.2	10	650	284.0	20
First-Line Supervisors of Helpers, Laborers, and Material Movers, Hand .....	120	—	25	200	721.5	34
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers .....	150	132.4	7	120	96.9	26
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers ...	60	—	7	590	619.0	6
Personal Care Aides .....	1,180	894.1	9	660	698.4	13
Dishwashers .....	—	—	—	90	—	4
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technicians .....	110	182.0	15	80	108.8	4

<sup>1</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved fewer days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

<sup>4</sup> These occupations have at least 0.1% of full-time equivalent employment.

<sup>5</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>6</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>7</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.

TABLE 4. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days away from work<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by injury or illness characteristics and ownership, 2015

Characteristic	Total private, state, and local government <sup>4,5,6</sup>			Private industry <sup>4,5,6</sup>		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total .....	1,153,490	104.0	8	902,160	93.9	8
<b>Musculoskeletal disorders<sup>7</sup></b> .....	356,910	32.2	12	286,350	29.8	12
<b>Nature of injury or illness:</b>						
Fractures .....	98,530	8.9	31	81,180	8.4	32
Sprains, strains, tears .....	421,610	38.0	10	324,700	33.8	10
Amputations .....	5,700	.5	22	5,360	.6	26
Cuts, lacerations, punctures .....	106,410	9.6	4	93,090	9.7	3
Cuts, lacerations .....	89,300	8.1	4	78,790	8.2	3
Punctures (except gunshot wounds) .....	17,110	1.5	3	14,300	1.5	3
Bruises, contusions .....	100,480	9.1	5	76,290	7.9	4
Chemical burns and corrosions .....	3,490	.3	3	3,200	.3	3
Heat (thermal) burns .....	17,520	1.6	5	15,010	1.6	4
Multiple traumatic injuries .....	31,570	2.8	10	22,800	2.4	10
With sprains .....	14,600	1.3	9	10,110	1.1	11
With fractures .....	4,540	.4	31	3,970	.4	32
Soreness, pain .....	184,400	16.6	8	136,300	14.2	7
Carpal tunnel syndrome .....	5,650	.5	28	4,920	.5	28
Tendonitis (other or unspecified) .....	2,650	.2	14	2,470	.3	14
All other natures .....	175,500	15.8	7	136,840	14.2	7
<b>Event or exposure leading to injury or illness:</b>						
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal .....	75,720	6.8	5	38,440	4.0	4
Intentional injury by other person .....	34,750	3.1	7	16,160	1.7	5
Injury by person unintentional or intent unknown .....	25,450	2.3	7	9,930	1.0	5
Animal and insect related incidents .....	14,740	1.3	3	12,020	1.3	3
Transportation incidents .....	63,210	5.7	10	46,360	4.8	11
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles ....	44,490	4.0	8	31,130	3.2	10
Fires and explosions .....	1,850	.2	9	1,270	.1	11
Falls, slips, trips .....	309,060	27.9	12	238,610	24.8	12
Slips, trips without fall .....	45,170	4.1	11	34,140	3.6	10
Fall on same level .....	197,260	17.8	10	149,180	15.5	10
Fall to lower level .....	60,490	5.5	18	50,490	5.3	19
Exposure to harmful substances or environments .....	51,650	4.7	4	40,250	4.2	3
Contact with object, equipment .....	269,910	24.3	5	232,120	24.2	5
Struck by object or equipment .....	157,490	14.2	5	135,280	14.1	5
Struck against object or equipment .....	59,010	5.3	5	50,160	5.2	5
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment .....	36,870	3.3	10	33,400	3.5	10
Overexertion and bodily reaction .....	376,190	33.9	12	300,600	31.3	12
Overexertion in lifting or lowering .....	113,260	10.2	11	94,420	9.8	11
Repetitive motion involving microtasks .....	24,410	2.2	22	21,230	2.2	22
All other event or exposures .....	5,900	.5	8	4,520	.5	7

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 4. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days away from work<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by injury or illness characteristics and ownership, 2015 — Continued

Characteristic	State government <sup>5,6</sup>			Local government <sup>5,6</sup>		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
Total .....	59,590	149.2	11	191,750	177.5	9
<b>Musculoskeletal disorders<sup>7</sup></b> .....	16,380	41.0	15	54,190	50.2	10
<b>Nature of injury or illness:</b>						
Fractures .....	3,270	8.2	46	14,070	13.0	30
Sprains, strains, tears .....	22,530	56.4	13	74,390	68.9	10
Amputations .....	40	.1	16	290	.3	12
Cuts, lacerations, punctures .....	2,360	5.9	4	10,950	10.1	4
Cuts, lacerations .....	1,790	4.5	4	8,720	8.1	4
Punctures (except gunshot wounds) .....	570	1.4	3	2,230	2.1	5
Bruises, contusions .....	5,330	13.3	6	18,870	17.5	5
Chemical burns and corrosions .....	90	.2	2	210	.2	5
Heat (thermal) burns .....	540	1.3	6	1,970	1.8	9
Multiple traumatic injuries .....	2,330	5.8	6	6,440	6.0	9
With sprains .....	1,300	3.3	5	3,190	2.9	6
With fractures .....	140	.3	15	430	.4	22
Soreness, pain .....	13,970	35.0	11	34,130	31.6	9
Carpal tunnel syndrome .....	260	.6	35	470	.4	21
Tendonitis (other or unspecified) .....	50	.1	30	130	.1	29
All other natures .....	8,820	22.1	8	29,830	27.6	9
<b>Event or exposure leading to injury or illness:</b>						
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal .....	12,470	31.2	10	24,810	23.0	7
Intentional injury by other person .....	7,090	17.7	9	11,510	10.7	9
Injury by person unintentional or intent unknown .....	4,660	11.7	15	10,860	10.1	8
Animal and insect related incidents .....	600	1.5	4	2,120	2.0	3
Transportation incidents .....	4,300	10.8	7	12,550	11.6	8
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles ....	3,640	9.1	7	9,720	9.0	6
Fires and explosions .....	60	.1	33	530	.5	3
Falls, slips, trips .....	15,290	38.3	14	55,160	51.1	11
Slips, trips without fall .....	2,270	5.7	9	8,760	8.1	14
Fall on same level .....	10,500	26.3	14	37,580	34.8	10
Fall to lower level .....	2,310	5.8	51	7,700	7.1	10
Exposure to harmful substances or environments .....	2,590	6.5	4	8,810	8.2	7
Contact with object, equipment .....	7,120	17.8	6	30,680	28.4	6
Struck by object or equipment .....	3,910	9.8	6	18,300	16.9	6
Struck against object or equipment .....	1,770	4.4	8	7,090	6.6	5
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment .....	860	2.2	7	2,600	2.4	6
Overexertion and bodily reaction .....	17,360	43.5	15	58,230	53.9	10
Overexertion in lifting or lowering .....	3,340	8.4	14	15,500	14.4	13
Repetitive motion involving microtasks .....	920	2.3	21	2,260	2.1	19
All other event or exposures .....	400	1.0	15	980	.9	10

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 4. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days away from work<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by injury or illness characteristics and ownership, 2015 — Continued**

Characteristic	Total private, state, and local government <sup>4,5,6</sup>			Private industry <sup>4,5,6</sup>		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
<b>Part of body affected by the injury or illness:</b>						
Head .....	94,360	8.5	3	74,180	7.7	3
Eye(s) .....	25,080	2.3	2	20,600	2.1	2
Neck .....	15,950	1.4	8	12,430	1.3	9
Trunk .....	258,000	23.3	8	209,360	21.8	8
Back .....	191,450	17.3	7	155,740	16.2	7
Upper extremities .....	358,890	32.4	10	294,420	30.6	9
Shoulder .....	92,850	8.4	23	72,270	7.5	23
Arm .....	56,390	5.1	10	45,760	4.8	8
Wrist .....	41,790	3.8	14	34,210	3.6	14
Hand .....	143,900	13.0	5	124,540	13.0	5
Lower extremities .....	266,470	24.0	12	202,460	21.1	13
Knee .....	100,880	9.1	16	73,810	7.7	17
Ankle .....	59,350	5.4	9	45,780	4.8	10
Foot .....	53,530	4.8	10	43,310	4.5	10
Body systems .....	24,620	2.2	5	16,560	1.7	3
Multiple .....	127,180	11.5	9	86,410	9.0	9
All other parts of body .....	8,020	.7	6	6,350	.7	5
<b>Source of injury or illness:</b>						
Chemicals and chemical products .....	14,280	1.3	3	11,050	1.1	3
Containers .....	117,440	10.6	9	101,690	10.6	9
Furniture and fixtures .....	49,080	4.4	7	39,520	4.1	7
Machinery .....	59,830	5.4	7	53,400	5.6	7
Parts and materials .....	81,670	7.4	9	73,250	7.6	9
Person, injured or ill worker .....	178,620	16.1	12	135,790	14.1	12
Worker motion or position .....	167,620	15.1	12	128,270	13.3	13
Person, other than injured or ill worker .....	110,520	10.0	7	64,340	6.7	6
Patient .....	56,090	5.1	7	41,820	4.4	6
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces .....	202,150	18.2	11	152,830	15.9	11
Handtools .....	52,030	4.7	5	45,630	4.7	5
Ladder .....	23,920	2.2	21	20,490	2.1	18
Vehicles .....	116,430	10.5	10	91,410	9.5	12
Trucks .....	27,480	2.5	14	24,000	2.5	16
Cart, dolly, hand truck nonpowered .....	15,490	1.4	9	13,140	1.4	10
All other sources .....	147,530	13.3	5	112,770	11.7	5

See footnotes at end of table.

**TABLE 4. Number, incidence rate<sup>1</sup>, and median days away from work<sup>2</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>3</sup> by injury or illness characteristics and ownership, 2015 — Continued**

Characteristic	State government <sup>5,6</sup>			Local government <sup>5,6</sup>		
	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work	Number	Incidence rate	Median days away from work
<b>Part of body affected by the injury or illness:</b>						
Head .....	5,140	12.9	4	15,040	13.9	5
Eye(s) .....	1,010	2.5	3	3,460	3.2	4
Neck .....	920	2.3	10	2,600	2.4	7
Trunk .....	12,500	31.3	10	36,150	33.5	8
Back .....	9,240	23.1	8	26,480	24.5	8
Upper extremities .....	14,640	36.6	14	49,830	46.1	10
Shoulder .....	4,470	11.2	25	16,110	14.9	23
Arm .....	2,140	5.4	11	8,490	7.9	11
Wrist .....	1,690	4.2	13	5,890	5.5	13
Hand .....	4,560	11.4	8	14,800	13.7	6
Lower extremities .....	12,620	31.6	13	51,400	47.6	10
Knee .....	5,610	14.0	18	21,470	19.9	12
Ankle .....	2,980	7.5	9	10,590	9.8	7
Foot .....	1,700	4.3	11	8,520	7.9	11
Body systems .....	1,960	4.9	5	6,100	5.6	7
Multiple .....	11,060	27.7	12	29,710	27.5	9
All other parts of body .....	750	1.9	21	920	.9	8
<b>Source of injury or illness:</b>						
Chemicals and chemical products .....	600	1.5	3	2,630	2.4	8
Containers .....	2,630	6.6	19	13,130	12.2	10
Furniture and fixtures .....	2,000	5.0	7	7,560	7.0	7
Machinery .....	1,100	2.7	9	5,340	4.9	7
Parts and materials .....	1,580	3.9	15	6,840	6.3	11
Person, injured or ill worker .....	9,820	24.6	13	33,000	30.6	10
Worker motion or position .....	9,070	22.7	14	30,280	28.0	10
Person, other than injured or ill worker .....	15,180	38.0	11	31,000	28.7	8
Patient .....	8,010	20.1	10	6,250	5.8	8
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces .....	10,600	26.5	14	38,720	35.8	10
Handtools .....	1,340	3.3	8	5,070	4.7	12
Ladder .....	1,100	2.8	54	2,320	2.2	24
Vehicles .....	5,920	14.8	7	19,100	17.7	8
Trucks .....	640	1.6	10	2,850	2.6	9
Cart, dolly, hand truck nonpowered .....	810	2.0	20	1,540	1.4	6
All other sources .....	7,710	19.3	6	27,050	25.0	6

<sup>1</sup> The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) x 20,000,000, where

N = number of injuries and illnesses  
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year  
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved fewer days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

<sup>3</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

<sup>4</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>5</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>6</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

<sup>7</sup> Musculoskeletal disorders include cases in which the nature of the injury or illness is pinched nerve; herniated disc; meniscus tear; sprains, strains, tears; hernia (traumatic and nontraumatic); pain, swelling, and numbness; carpal or tarsal tunnel syndrome; Raynaud's syndrome or phenomenon; musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders, and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is overexertion and bodily reaction, unspecified; overexertion involving outside sources; repetitive motion involving microtasks; other and multiple exertions or bodily reactions; and rubbed, abraded, or jarred by vibration.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating state agencies.